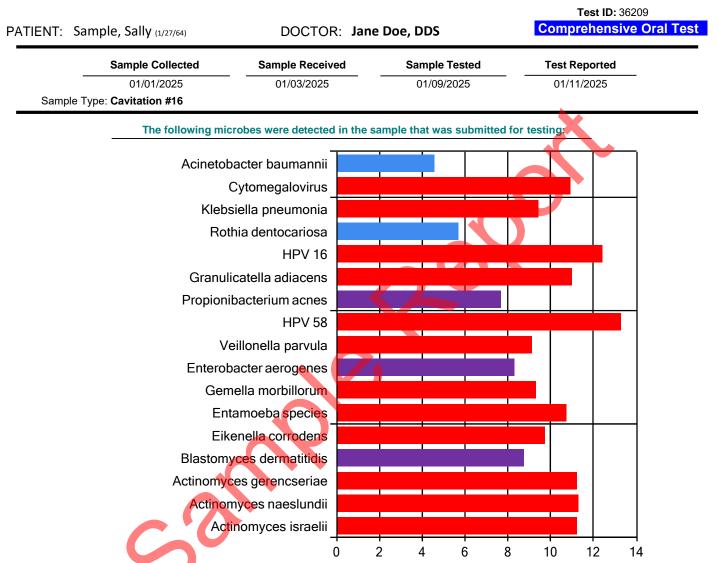


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9 or greater indicates a serious risk

Greater than 7.5 but less than 9 indicates a moderate risk

Total Risk Factor: as reported on the chart above, is the sum of the Pathogen Risk Factor and Measured Risk Factor. Total Risk Factor equal to or greater than 9 is considered a serious risk. Total Risk Factor between 7.5 and 9 is considered moderate risk.

Pathogen Risk Factor is the innate risk of the microbe based on the biology of the organism, disease causation, and microbial antibiotic resistance. It is reported on a scale of 1-10, with 10 being most serious and 1 most benign.

Measured Risk Factor is the value given to the sample taking into account the quantity and configuration of the pathogen DNA. It is reported on a scale of 1-10, with 10 being most serious and 1 most benign.

Interpretation of Results Disclaimer: DNA Connexions is not a clinical diagnostic laboratory and cannot provide a diagnosis for disease and/or subsequent treatment. These results are from DNA PCR testing, and indicate the presence of foreign DNA. The CDC recommended treatment protocol(s) are supplied as a courtesy to health care providers to aide in an overall assessment. This information alone should not be used to diagnose or treat a health problem or disease. All reported results are intended for research purposes only and a consultation with a qualified health care provider is required for diagnosis and treatment.

Sample, Sally (1/27/64)		Jane Doe, DDS	Comprehensive Oral Test
Microbe	Total Risk Factor	Clinical Significance	
Actinomyces israelii	11.22	General Description Actinomyces species are Gram-positive and are normally present in the gingival area. Actinomyces israelii is one of the most common causes of infections in dental procedures.	
		Symptoms of Infection Many Actinomyces species are of humans and other mammals, part rare cases, these bacteria can ca characterized by the formation of or the gastrointestinal tract.	ticularly in the oral cavity. In use actinomycosis, a disease
		Treatment Actinomyces bacteria are general is frequently used to treat actinom allergy, doxycycline is used. Sulfo sulfamethoxazole may be used as total daily dosage of 2-4 grams. R may take months.	nycosis. In cases of penicillin onamides such as s an alternative regimen at a
Actinomyces naeslundii	11.28	<u>General Description</u> Actinomyces species are Gram-p present in the gingival area. Actin the most common causes of infec	omyces naeslundii is one of
		Symptoms of Infection Many Actinomyces species are of humans and other mammals, part rare cases, these bacteria can ca characterized by the formation of or the gastrointestinal tract.	ticularly in the oral cavity. In use actinomycosis, a disease
C	2	Treatment Actinomyces bacteria are general is frequently used to treat actinom allergy, doxycycline is used. Sulfo sulfamethoxazole may be used as total daily dosage of 2-4 grams. R may take months.	nycosis. In cases of penicillin onamides such as s an alternative regimen at a